

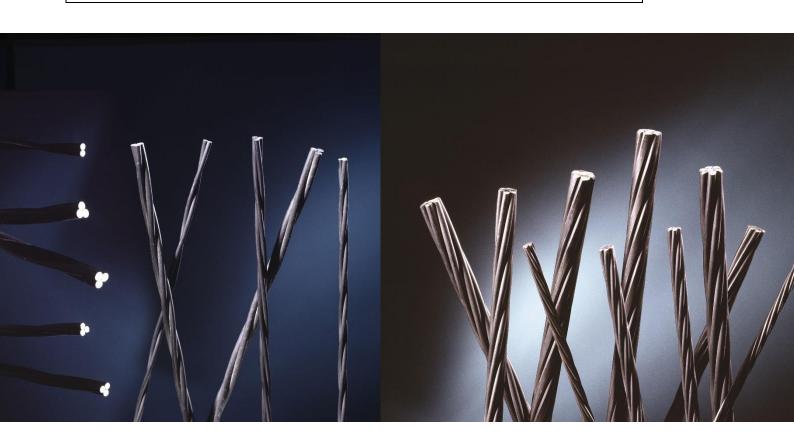
Environmental Product Declaration

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804 +A1

Owner of the declaration:	Siderurgica Latina Martin S.p.A.
Publisher:	Kiwa BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH - Ecobility Experts
Programme holder:	Kiwa BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH - Ecobility Experts
Declaration number:	EPD-SLM-081-EN
Issue date:	04.05.2020
Valid to:	04.05.2025

PC Strand

Construction steel products





1. General information

Siderurgica Latina Martin S.p.A.

Programme holder

Kiwa BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH

Ecobility Experts
 Marientorbogen 3-5
 90402 Nürnberg

Germany

Declaration number

EPD-SLM-081-EN

This declaration is based on the Product Category Rules

PCR B - Requirements on the Environmental Product Declarations for steel construction products, Edition 2020-03-13 (draft)

Issue date

04.05.2020

Valid to

04.05.2025



Signature
Frank Huppertz
(President of Kiwa BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH – Ecobility
Experts GmbH)

PC Strand

Owner of the declaration

Siderurgica Latina Martin S.p.A. Via Oger Martin, 21 Ceprano (Fr) Italy

Declared product / declared unit

1kg PC Wire

Scope

PC Strand is a twisted steel cable composed of 2, 3 or 7 high strength steel wires represents the product "2 & 3 Wire Strand" and "P.C. Strand – 7 wire" (average product). Both products are manufactured in Ceprano, Italy. Kiwa BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH – Ecobility Experts shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Verification

The CEN Norm EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011-10

 \square internally

 \boxtimes externally

Signature

Prof. Dr. Frank Heimbecher

(Chairman of the independent expert committee BCS Öko-Garantie GmbH – Ecobility Experts GmbH)

Signature

Lakse

Name of external verifier / company (External verifier of Green Delta GmbH)



2. Product

2.1 Product description

PC Strand is a twisted steel cable composed of 2, 3 or 7 high strength steel wires, high-strength steel, which is mainly used for prestressing in prestressed concrete construction. This kind of steel usually belongs to the group of unalloyed steels. Its high strength values allow high elastic elongation during prestressing. In prestressed concrete construction, this reduces the loss of prestressing force due to creep and shrinkage of the concrete, which re-duces the prestressing and thus the initially applied prestressing force. The declared product is an average product of the construction steel product. The declared product is an average product of the types 2 & 3 Wire Strand and 7 Wire Strand. PC Strand is supplied either smooth or indented and it is packed and delivered either in coils or in bundle of straight cut-to-length bars.

2.2 Application

PC Strand in coils is mostly used as reinforcement in concrete prestressing elements, but it is used in most of the post-tensioned project. In straight cut-to-length bar it is used to produce railroad sleepers whereas PC Strand in coils is mostly used as reinforcement in concrete pre-stressed elements.

Standards:

- 2 & 3 Wire Strand: prEN 10138 UNI 7676
- 7 Wires Strand: prEN 10138-3- ASTM A-416; BS5896; NF A35045-3; NEN 3868; BS 4258; UNI 7676; UNE 36094.

For the use and application of the product the respective national provisions at the place of use apply

2.3 Technical Data

2 & 3 Wire Strand:

Characteristic	Value	Unit		
Diameter range	4,70 – 6,50	mm		
Steel grade range	1.570 – 1.860	MPa		

7 Wires Strand:

Characteristic	Value	Unit
Diameter range	6.85 ÷ 18.00	mm
Steel grade range (MPa)	1700 - 1770 - 1860 -1960 - 2060 - 2160	MPa

2.4 Base materials / Ancillary materials

Base Materials:

Raw material	Value	Unit		
Wire Rod	100	M%		

Ancillary Materials in the production process are water, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, activation salt, Lime, powder lubricant.

2.5 Manufacture

Siderurgica Latina Martin turns high carbon wire rod into PC Strand through an integrated manufacturing process starting from in-house acid pickling & pre-coating, cold wire drawing, thermo-mechanical process to packaging in coil.



2.6 Reference Service Life (RSL)

PC Strand is used in concrete structures to give additional mechanical resistance. The lifetime of PC Strand therefore will be limited by the service life of the construction. Under these circumstances, no RSL according to the relevant ISO standards and EN 15804 can be declared.

3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared unit

The EPD refers to the declared unit of 1 kg PC Strand excl. packaging.

	Value	Unit
Declared Unit	1	kg

3.2 System boundary

This EPD monitors the production stage (EPD type: "Cradle to factory gate"). The following production steps are considered during the production phase: Raw material supply (A1); Energy supply (A3); Manufacture of precursors (A1); Production of the packaging (A3); Transport of raw materials (A2); Manufacturing process (A3); Transport of production waste to the place of disposal (A3); Disposal of production waste (A3).

3.3 Estimates and assumptions

The infrastructure of the production facilities is not considered due to the high mass flow. In addition, only the production-related energy consumption (excluding the administration and social areas) is considered and the energy consumption was averaged over the annual pro-duction volume. All specific transport distances of the input materials were recorded and considered accordingly. The transport distances can be found in the life cycle inventory. For all journeys, a truck with a payload of 28-30 t and emission standard EURO 5 was assumed (diesel vehicle). For the utilization, a flat rate of 85% was assumed. The losses during the production phase are less than 3 wt% and thus fall below the cut-off criteria.

3.4 Cut-off criteria

All material flows that contribute to more than 1% of the total mass, energy or environmental impact of the system have been considered in the LCA. It can be assumed that the neglected processes in total contributed less than 5% to the considered impact categories. The production of the machines, plants and other infrastructure required for the production of the products was not taken into account in the LCA. The production emissions BORAX and Carbonates were not included in the LCA because no suitable data sets could be found for them.

3.5 Period under review

All process-specific data was collected for the operating year 2018.

3.6 Comparability

In principle, a comparison or evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared have been created in accordance with EN 15804 and the building context or the product-specific performance characteristics have been taken into account.

In this case, 1 kg PC Strand was selected as the declared unit. To be able to compare the EPD data, the declared products need the same declared units, or the declared unit must be converted with the proper conversion factors to make it comparable. The secondary data for the production phase were taken exclusively from the EcoInvent 3.4 database.



4. LCA: Results

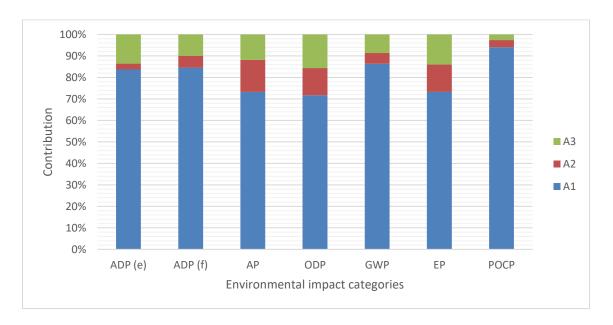
The following tables show the results of the impact assessment indicators, resource use, waste and other output streams. The results presented here refer to the declared average product.

	De	scrip	tion of	the sy	ystem	boun	dary	(X = Ir	nclude	d in L	CA; N	IND =	Mod	ule no	ot dec	clared)
Prod		luct stage Construction process stage Use stage								End of life stage			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries			
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from manu- facturer to place of use	Construction-installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishmen	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
		f the	LCA -	Enviro	nmen	tal im	pact:	1 kg			T				ı	
	neter									nit		A1		A2		A3
			otentia		tacaba	ria aza	no love			D ₂ -Eq.]		35E+00		1,35E-		2,34E-01
			tial of tential of				пе іаує	er e		C11-Eq. D ₂ -Eq.]		28E-07 20E-03		1,87E-		2,79E-08 1,49E-03
_			otential	iana an	u wate	<u>'</u>) ₄) ³ -Eq.	_	06E-03		1,84E-		2,02E-04
			ntial c	of trop	ospher	ic ozc	ne				1,041				_,0 0 .	
		cal oxi		·	•				[kg Ethen-Eq.] 3,		,26E-03		1,15E-04		9,12E-05	
			potent				rces				,46E-06		1,77E-07		8,86E-07	
			potent							/J]	3,	3,03E+01		1,97E+00		3,55E+00
Resu	ılts o	f the	LCA -	Resou	rce us	e: 1 k	g PC S	Stranc			1					
	neter								Unit		A1		A2		A3	
			ary ener				• •				IND		IND	1	IND	
utiliza		prima	ary enei	gy resc	ources	as mat	erial		[M1]		IND		IND		IND	
		f rene	wable p	rimary e	energy	resourc	es		[MJ] 1,		.11E+00		3,72E-02		9,34E-01	
			rimary e							[MJ] IND			IND		IND	
			rimary e								IND IND		1	IND		
Total	use o	fnon	renewal	ole prim	ary ene	ergy res	ources	i			,44E+01		2,10E+00		3,89E+00	
Use of secondary material												0,00E+00		2,61E-03		
_	Use of renewable secondary fuels								[MJ]			IND		IND		IND
Use of non renewable secondary fuels Use of net fresh water							[MJ] IND [m³] 2,70E-0			2,81E-04		IND 9,10E-04				
	Use of net fresh water [m³] 2,70E-02 2,81E-04 9,10E-04 esults of the LCA –Output flows and waste categories: 1 kg PC Strand								9,101-04							
Parameter Unit A1 A2 A3																
	Hazardous waste disposed						+		2,	2,16E-04		1,42E-05		2,42E-05		
Non hazardous waste disposed									69E-01		4,01E-02		2,87E-02			
Radioactive waste disposed								_	4,70E-05		1,30E-05		1,26E-05			
Building materials for re-use								IND IND			IND					
Materials for recycling								:g]				IND		IND		
Materials for energy recovery								[g]		IND		IND		IND		
Exported energy						[[/	/ J]		IND		IND		IND			



5. LCA: Interpretation

This is a Cradle to gate EPD, which means that the EPD is based on production phase A with the modules A1 Raw material supply, A2 Transport and A3 Production. The Raw Material supply is the module with the greatest influence on the LCA results for almost all impact categories (between 72 - 94 % of the respective impact category). Module A3 has the 2nd highest share in each impact category. Transport contributes to environmental impacts with the least amount of impact.



6. References

- [1] ASTM A416/A416M-18: Standard Specification for Low-Relaxation, Seven-Wire Steel Strand for Prestressed Concrete, US
- [2] CML-IA April 2013 Characterization factors developed by the Institute of Environmental Sciences (CML): University Leiden, the Netherlands http://www.cml.leiden.edu/software/data-cmlia.html
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- [4] BS EN 4258:1998: Metallic materials. General organization of standardization. Links between types of EN standards and their use, UK
- [5] BS5896, NBN I 10-003: Norme belge, Deformation of structures Deformation limit values Buildings (2002), BE
- [6] EN ISO 14040:2006: Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework (ISO 14040:2006)
- [7] EN ISO 14044:2014: Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006 + Amd 1:2017)
- [8] EN ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures (ISO 14025:2006)



- [9] EN 15804:2012+A1:2013: Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for the product category of construction
- [10] NEN 3868:2001 nl: Prestressing steel, NL
- [11] PrEN 10138/3:2000: Prestressing steels Part 3: Strand
- [12] UNE 36094:1997: Steel wire and strand for prestressed concrete, ES
- [13] UNI 7676:2016: Strands with 2-3 wires and strands with 7 wires for prestressed concrete, IT



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